Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020



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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Our discussion of the District's financial performance provides an overview of our activities for 2020 and 2019, with a comparison to the prior year in each case and certain other background information.

Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which begin on page three.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The total current assets decreased by \$2.8 million or 8.7%. The decrease was a result of a decrease in cash accounts of \$1.5 million and a decrease in receivables of \$1.3 million.
- The fixed or capital assets increased by \$1.3 million or 0.5%. There were net additions to capital assets of \$14.9 million and net decrease in capital assets of \$13.6 million due to current year depreciation.
- The total investment in the Stadium project was \$532 million through December 31, 2020. The 2020 additions included restroom upgrades, touchless upgrades, HVAC replacements, security projects, and control room upgrades.
- On September 6, 2019, the District entered into a Naming Rights agreement with Empower. This agreement will continue until March 31, 2040 unless earlier terminated or extended. The name of the Stadium is now Empower Field at Mile High. The fees for the Naming Rights fees from Empower were \$1,250,000 in 2020 and \$3,000,000 each year for the remaining contract years.
- The District's prior naming rights agreement was assumed by the Denver Broncos in August 2016 due to the bankruptcy filing of Sports Authority, Inc. The District made an agreement with the Broncos, for the Broncos to make payments into four annual installments related to the termination of the prior agreement. During 2020, the District received \$1,986,544 which was for the balance of the 2019 naming rights. As of December 31, 2020, there is a receivable from the Denver Broncos of \$1,312,500 for the balance of the 2020 Bronco payments.
- The District has a sublease agreement with RTD on Lot M parking. The lease agreement expires on August 31, 2043, unless extended or terminated earlier. Rents are paid in advance in September for the next 12-month period. The District receives 42.5% of the total lease payments, the remaining 57.5% is paid to SMC. In 2020, the District earned \$137,454 from this lease.
- The District had \$10.8 million restricted for capital repairs as of December 31, 2020. In 2012, the District expressed a goal of maintaining a minimum of \$4 million in the capital reserve fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

- The District's accounts payable increased by \$1.6 million or 228.4%. This was due to a large payable to the Stadium Management Company for capital repair and improvements done in 2020, paid in January 2021.
- In February 2019, the District entered into an agreement with Aramark for the concessions of the Stadium. As part of this agreement, Aramark agreed to contribute \$7 million of capital improvements to the stadium in 2019. These additions are included in the additions to fixed assets as well as Deferred Inflows of Resources Capital contributions. This revenue will be recognized over the terms of the agreement. In the year 2020, \$698,861 of the improvements were recognized as non-cash capital contributions.

USING THIS REPORT

This report comprises three financial statements:

- (1) The Statement of Net Position measures the District's financial health or position as of a point in time (December 31). It represents the difference between the District's assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.
 - Net position is displayed in three components: Cost of the stadium less accumulated depreciation and related debt (including deferred financing costs) is included in Invested in Capital assets; when constraints are imposed externally by laws, other governments, or creditors on net position, they are reported as Restricted e.g. for the Capital Projects and Repairs and for TABOR (refer to Notes 1, 4 and 6); unrestricted net position represent that portion of net position that can be used to finance daily operations without constraints established by laws, enabling legislation or other legal requirements.
- (2) Increases or decreases to net position are presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Increases are one indicator that our financial health improved. Decreases in net position indicate a decline in our financial position (principally because of depreciation).
- (3) The Statement of Cash Flows portrays the sources, uses and net change in our cash. Cash flows are segregated as to those related to three major elements operating, capital and financing, and investing activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

CONDENSED COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL INFORMATION (in thousands)

	2020		2019
Operating Revenue from Empower		-	,
Field at Mile High	\$ 6,508	\$	8,593
Capital contributions	982		8
Gain on sale of land	4,878		-
Investment income	 122	_	493
Total revenues	 12,490	-	9,094
Operating expense:			
Repairs and maintenance	760		662
General and administrative	236		222
Professional services	294		630
Depreciation	 13,628		12,849
Total expenses	14,918		14,363
Decreases in net position	(2,428)		(5,269)
Net position at beginning of year	 307,583		312,852
Net position at end of year	\$ 305,155	\$ _	307,583

Total revenues for 2020 increased by \$3.4 million or 37.3%. The increase included a gain on sale of land of \$4.9 million. Sales tax revenue decreased by \$1.6 million as this was prior year sales tax identified and reported in 2019. Special events such as concerts and parking decreased by \$536,935 due to COVID-19 pandemic and cancellation of events. Interest income decreased by \$371,099 due to decline in interest rates and decreased cash balance.

Total expenses increased by \$555,031 or 3.9%. The main changes were an increase in depreciation of capital assets of \$778,414 and a decrease of legal and professional expenses of \$335,736.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (in thousands):

		2020		2019
Current assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	29,785 284,093	\$	32,628 282,747
Total assets	\$_	313,878	\$	315,375
Current liabilities	\$_	2,433	. \$.	803
Deferred inflows of resources - capital contribut	ions_	6,289		6,989
Net Position:				
Invested in capital assets, net of debt		284,093		282,747
Restricted for TABOR		39		45
Restricted for capital improvements		10,847		6,265
Unrestricted		10,177		18,526
Total net position		305,156		307,583
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and net position	\$	313,878	\$	315,375

Activity in capital assets for 2020 is summarized as follows:

Balance at beginning of year	\$ 282,747
Plus - improvements	
Restroom upgrades, touchless upgrades,	
HVAC replacements, Security and Control	
room projects	15,964
Less - dispositions	
Sale of parcel of land	990
Less - current year depreciation	 13,628
Balance at end of year	\$ 284,093

METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

BUDGET COMPARISON (in thousands):

						(Under)
		2020		2020		Over
		Actual		Budget		Budget
		(000s)		(000s)		(000s)
Investment income	\$	122	¢	400	\$	(278)
	Φ		Φ		Ψ	• •
Franchise payments		3,353		3,250		103
Namings rights revenue		3,000		3,000		-
Other lease income		137		134		3
Non-cash capital contributions		982		4,050		(3,068)
Gain on sale of land		4,878		-		4,878
Other income		18		500		(482)
Total revenue		12,490	. <u>.</u>	11,334		1,156
General and administrative		236		240		(4)
Repairs and maintenance		760		1,500		(740)
Professional service		294		500		(206)
Depreciation and amortization		13,628	_	13,500	_	128
Total expenditures		14,918	. <u>-</u>	15,740		(822)
Total net revenue (loss)	\$	(2,428)	\$	(4,406)	\$	1,978

Interest income was under budget due to decrease in interest rates and cash. The gain on the sale of the land parcel was not included in the budget as this was not anticipated when the budget was prepared. Non-cash capital contributions were under budget due to changes made in capital asset contributions resulting from COVID and decreased income for the Broncos. Other income was down due to COVID decreasing events. Repairs and maintenance expenses were under budget as fewer projects were completed due to COVID. Professional services were under budget as less legal and professional work was done during 2020.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Metropolitan Football Stadium District Denver, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business type activities and the major enterprise fund of the Metropolitan Football Stadium District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Managements' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing

an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of December 31, 2020, and the changes in its net position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages I through V and 17 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

JDS Professional Group

June 10, 2021

METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS	
Current unrestricted assets:	
Cash	\$ 17,363,659
Sales tax receivable	262,000
Other receivable	85
Naming rights receivable	1,312,500
Total current unrestricted assets	18,938,244
Current restricted assets:	
Cash	10,846,962
Total current restricted assets	10,846,962
Capital assets:	
Building	416,688,987
Stadium equipment	51,801,924
Land improvements	27,763,504
Art	327,500
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4,895
Computers and equipment	11,495
Less: accumulated depreciation	(247,768,614)
Net depreciable capital assets	248,829,691
Land	34,997,466
Construction in progress	265,482
Total capital assets	284,092,639
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 313,877,845

METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION

LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 2,339,212
Accrued expenses	93,347
Total current liabilities	2,432,559
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Capital contributions	6,289,753
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets	284,092,639
Restricted for emergency reserve	38,705
Restricted for capital repairs	10,846,962
Unrestricted	10,177,227
Total Net Position	305,155,533
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	
RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 313,877,845

METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Operating revenues:	
Naming rights revenue	\$ 3,000,000
Franchise lease revenue	3,353,265
Other lease revenue	137,454
Events revenue	17,227
Miscellaneous revenue	344
Total operating revenues	6,508,290
Operating expenses:	
Depreciation expense	13,627,909
Repairs and maintenance	759,883
General and administrative	235,784
Professional services	294,515
Total operating expenses	14,918,091
Operating (loss)	(8,409,801)
Non-Operating revenues (expenses):	
Interest income	122,214
Gain on sale of land	4,877,802
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	5,000,016
Loss before capital contributions	(3,409,785)
Capital contributions:	
Building and equipment	981,729
Change in net position	(2,428,056)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	307,583,589
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 305,155,533

METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Receipts from naming rights	\$ 3,674,044
Receipts from franchise lease revenues	3,353,265
Receipts from special events revenues	17,227
Receipts from other lease revenues	169,087
Receipts from sales and tax revenue	600,000
Receipts from miscellaneous revenue	344
Payments for operating	(759,883)
Payments for general and administrative	(235,784)
Payments for professional services	(309,126)
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,509,174
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Proceeds from sale of land	3,032,005
Purchases of capital assets	(11,203,353)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(8,171,348)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest received	122,214
Net cash provided by investing activities	122,214
Net Decrease in Cash	(1,539,960)
Cash, Beginning of Year	29,750,581
Cash, End of Year	\$ 28,210,621
Noncash Capital and Financing Activities Capital Contributions	\$ 981,729

METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Reconciliation of Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Operating loss	\$ (8,409,801)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income to Net	
Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Depreciation expense	13,627,909
Changes in assets and liabilities -	
Decrease in naming rights receivable	674,044
Decrease in sales tax receivable	600,000
Decrease in other receivable	29,066
Decrease in accounts payable	(14,611)
Increase in accrued expenses	2,567
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 6,509,174
Non-Cash Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Contributed capital assets	\$ 282,867

NOTE (1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

The Metropolitan Football Stadium District (the "District") is a body corporate and political subdivision of the State of Colorado established pursuant to the Metropolitan Football Stadium District Act, Article 15, Title 32 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, (the "Act"). The District includes all or part of seven counties in the Denver metropolitan area. The District was created for the purpose of planning, acquiring land and constructing a professional football stadium (the "Stadium"). Operations of the District commenced in August 1996.

The District is a separate legal entity responsible for its own financial operations and obligations, and is governed by a Board of Directors (the "Board") of nine members who serve without compensation. Six directors are appointed by the local governments, two directors at large are appointed by the Governor and one director is the chairperson of the Denver Metropolitan Major League Baseball Stadium District. All activities for which the District exercises responsibility have been included in these financial statements.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set for the financial accountability of a governmental organization's governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District uses a proprietary fund to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions and activities.

NOTE (1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The District uses a proprietary fund-type, an enterprise fund, to account for its activities. The enterprise fund uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting for reporting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

The activities of the fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise the District's assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenue and expenses. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosed amount of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As of December 31, 2020, the District did not have any cash equivalents.

NOTE (1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an initial estimated useful life in excess of one year. Land improvements, buildings and other property and equipment are stated at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over their respective estimated useful lives of three to forty years. Donated capital assets are recorded as estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement classification represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The District reports capital contributions under its general concession and management agreement as deferred inflows of resources (see Note 7).

Capital Contributions

Contributed building and equipment assets are recorded as capital contributions when received.

Net Position

Net position results from the accumulation of net earnings from operating income, non-operating revenues and expenses, and capital contributions and are classified in the financial statements as follows:

Investment in Capital Assets - The investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Restricted - This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE (1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Unrestricted - This classification includes the residual net position that does not meet the classification of "investment in capital assets" or "restricted."

Business Risks And Uncertainties

The global community has been under a significant threat from coronavirus ("COVID-19"). The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic impacts the District's business, results of operations and financial condition will depend on future developments, which are still uncertain and cannot be predicted. Even after the COVID-19 pandemic has subsided, the District may continue to experience adverse impacts to its business as a result of any economic recession or depression that has occurred or may occur in the future. Therefore, the District cannot reasonably estimate the impact at this time.

Subsequent events

The District evaluated subsequent events through June 10, 2021, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE (2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budget is legally adopted by the District. The budget is adopted on a GAAP basis. In accordance with the State statute, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings before the end of each year to approve the budget and appropriate funds for the ensuing year. The budget is legally enacted through a motion to approve. The Districts Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation is at the fund level and lapses at year end.

NOTE (3) CASH

As of December 31, 2020, the District's cash included the following:

Cash - unrestricted	\$ 17,363,659
Cash - restricted	 10,846,962
	\$ 28,210,621

NOTE (3) <u>CASH</u> (CONTINUED)

Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires all local government entities to deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by State regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. The FDIC insures depositors up to \$250,000 for each financial institution. The PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. At December 31, 2020, the District had bank balances totaling \$28,935,665 of which \$250,000 were insured by FDIC and \$28,685,665 were collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's agent but not in their name.

NOTE (4) <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

	December 31, 2019	Acquisitions	(Dispositions)	December 31, 2020
Building	\$ 407,117,638	\$ 9,571,349	\$	\$ 416,688,987
Stadium equipment	48,775,332	3,026,592	Ψ	51,801,924
Land	32,887,325	3,100,341	(990,200)	34,997,466
Land improvements	27,763,504			27,763,504
Construction in progress		265,482		265,482
Art	327,500			327,500
Furniture and fixtures	4,895			4,895
Equipment	11,495			11,495
	516,887,689	15,963,764	(990,200)	531,861,253
Less:				
Accumulated depreciation	(234,140,705)	(13,627,909)		(247,768,614)
Total	\$ 282,746,984	\$ 2,335,855	\$ (990,200)	\$ 284,092,639

NOTE (5) RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters. Certain of these risks are covered by commercial insurance and performance bonds purchased directly by the District from independent third parties.

NOTE (6) TABOR AMENDMENT

On November 3, 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment and has established an emergency reserve, representing 3% of fiscal year spending, as required by the Amendment. The reserve is reflected on the face of the financial statements. As of December 31, 2020, the District had restricted net position of \$38,705 in compliance with the requirements of TABOR.

NOTE (7) STADIUM NAMING RIGHTS

Effective August 18, 2016, the Denver Broncos assumed a Naming Rights Agreement. Under this agreement, cumulative through the year ended December 31, 2020, \$56,636,724 had been received. On September 6, 2019, the District entered into a Termination and Future Services Agreement (the "Termination") with the Denver Broncos. The Termination amended the amounts of the remaining payments due. As of December 31, 2020, remaining payment from the Denver Broncos was \$1,312,500, due in quarterly installments through July 2021. As of December 31, 2020, \$1,312,500 was recorded as a receivable. Also on September 6, 2019, the District entered into a Naming Rights Agreement (the "Agreement") with Great-West Life and Annuity Insurance Company ("Empower"). The Agreement expires on March 31, 2040, unless earlier terminated or extended. A total of \$61,601,275 is due to the District in semi-annual installments through October 1, 2040. Under this Agreement, cumulative through the year ended December 31, 2020, \$1,601,275 has been received.

NOTE (8) GENERAL CONCESSION MANAGEMENT AND LICENSE AGREEMENT

During 2019, the District and SMC entered into a General Concession Management and License Agreement (the "Concession Agreement") with Aramark Sports Entertainment Services, LLC ("Aramark"). The agreement has an initial expiration date of March 31, 2029, and may be renewed for up to two additional terms of five years each. As of December 31, 2019, Aramark provided direct capital improvements and equipment to the Stadium in the amount of \$6,988,615. In accordance with GASB pronouncements, as of December 31, 2020, the District recognized \$981,729 in capital contributions with the remaining \$6,289,753 recorded as deferred inflows of resources to be recognized as revenue over the term of the Concession Agreement through March 2029.

NOTE (9) LEASE REVENUE AND LEASING COMMITMENTS

Franchise Lease Agreement

Per the Stadium Lease and Management Agreement (the "Agreement"), dated September 3, 1998, the District leases to PDB Sports Ltd., ("PDB"), the holder of the Denver Broncos National Football League Franchise, the Stadium land together with all the improvements. PDB will lease the Stadium from August 2001 and the lease will continue until 30 years after such date or the end of 30 complete NFL seasons at the Stadium, whichever is later. Additionally, there are two five-year extensions at the option of PDB. The Agreement also provides for PDB to acquire and own certain property and for revenue sharing for non-football events principally with respect to attendance and parking, as more fully described in the Agreement. Rental payments are due annually on February 1 from PDB subsequent to occupancy. The Agreement calls for the establishment of a Capital Replacement Reserve Fund for the purpose of paying all or part of the cost of capital replacement. Payments to the Capital Replacement Reserve Fund are to be made annually by the District from base rents received from PDB. During the year ended December 31, 2020, \$2,051,634 of the franchise lease payment was paid to this Reserve Fund.

NOTE (9) <u>LEASE REVENUE AND LEASING COMMITMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

Other Lease Agreement

Per a sublease agreement (the "Agreement") dated September 1, 2013, the Stadium Management Company (SMC) leases to Regional Transportation District (RTD), a leasehold interest of real property. The Agreement commenced on September 1, 2013 and the expires on August 31, 2043, unless extended or terminated earlier. In addition, RTD has an option to extend the terms of the Agreement, each for an additional fifteen year period on the same terms and conditions contained in the sublease agreement. The Agreement provides for the rent to paid in advance, with the first annual payment due on or before November 1, 2013, and thereafter each annual payment shall be payable on or before the first day of each September. The initial rent for the first year of the sublease was \$677,417. The annual rent shall be increased, on a cumulative basis as outlined in the Agreement. RTD has the right, on various dates, to reduce its use of Lot M and its payments, including on September 1, 2016. RTD agreed to reduce its' parking spaces to 474 effective November 30, 2016. RTD, SMC and the District agreed that the rental payment for the period September 1, 2016 to August 31, 2017 would be \$401,644 based on the partial year reduction. In future years, the rental payment will be reduced to \$302,989 based on the reduced parking spaces, subject to the annual increases set forth in the Agreement. The Agreement also stipulates fifty-seven and one-half percent (57.5%) of each rent payment shall be paid by RTD to SMC, and the remaining forty-two and one-half percent (42.5%) of each rent payment shall be paid by RTD to the District.

Future minimum lease payments required under the two agreements above are as follows as of December 31, 2020:

Total	\$ 42,509,861
2041 - 2043	881,721
2036 - 2040	1,469,535
2031 - 2035	4,719,535
2026 - 2030	17,719,535
2025	3,543,907
2024	3,543,907
2023	3,543,907
2022	3,543,907
2021	\$ 3,543,907
Year ended December 31,	

NOTE (10) DONATED OFFICE SPACE

During 2001, under a License Agreement, the District has donated office and museum space to the Colorado Sports Hall of Fame for their use for an initial 5-year term ending July 31, 2006. After the initial term, the license agreement will automatically renew for up to five successive 5-year periods through July 31, 2031, unless terminated by either party providing written notice at least 180 days prior to commencement of the renewal term. The value of the donated office and museum space was estimated based on an average market rate for the central business district of Denver of \$20 per square foot. The office and museum space is approximately 3,000 square feet resulting in annual donated space of \$60,000.

NOTE (11) LITIGATION

The District is involved in various litigation matters which have arisen in the ordinary course of business. It is the opinion of management, based upon consultation with legal counsel, that these matters requires vigorous defense, pursuant to the agreement, SMC and PDB agreed to defend and indemnify the District on all these matters. Although the outcome of litigation cannot be predicted with certainty, the District expects its exposure will be limited because of the defense and indemnity by SMC and PDB.

NOTE (12) NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases which outlines new requirements for governmental entities when it comes to lease accounting. GASBS No. 87 will require the District to establish a lease receivable equal to the present value of the expected payments over the lease term. As payments are received the lease receivable will be reduced and interest revenue recognized. Additionally, a deferred inflow will be recognized equal to the lease receivable and recognized as revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the life of the lease. Entities will also be required to present additional disclosure as to the nature and extent of leasing activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for the District's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. The District has not evaluated the impact due to the timing of implementation of this standard.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended December 31, 2020

	(in Thousands)			
		2020		
		Original		
		and Final	(Under) Over	
	Actual	Budget	Budget	
Resources (inflows):				
Interest income	\$ 122	\$ 400	\$ (278)	
Franchise payments	3,353	3,250	103	
Naming rights revenues	3,000	3,000	-	
Miscellaneous sublease revenues	137	134	3	
Capital contributions	982	4,050	(3,068)	
Gain on sale of land	4,878	-	4,878	
Other income, rent, parking, and events	18	500	(482)	
Amounts available for appropriation	12,490	11,334	1,156	
Charges to appropriations (outflows):				
Administrative costs	236	240	(4)	
Repairs and maintenance	760	1,500	(740)	
Professional service	294	500	(206)	
Depreciation and amortization	13,628	13,500	128_	
Total charges to appropriations	14,918	15,740	(822)	
Change in net assets	(2,428)	(4,406)	1,978	
Beginning net position	307,584	313,959	(6,375)	
Ending net position	\$ 305,156	\$ 309,553	\$ (4,397)	

The District's annual budget is prepared on the same basis as its accounting records, approved by the District's Board of Directors and is filed with designated State officials in compliance with Colorado statutes.