METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT

Financial Statements
As of December 31, 2022



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Our discussion of the District's financial performance provides an overview of our activities for 2022 and 2021, with a comparison to the prior year in each case and certain other background information.

Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which begin on page four.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The total current assets increased by \$7.4 million or 25.9%. This increase was the result of a \$2.9 million increase in cash accounts, the inclusion of GASB 87 current portion of lease receivable of \$4.2 million and an increase in the receivable from the Broncos for the 2022 3rd and 4th quarter event income of \$371k.
- The net fixed or capital assets decreased by \$10.9 million or 3.9%. There were net additions to capital assets of \$3.6 million and net decrease in capital assets of \$14.4 million due to current year depreciation.
- The total investment in the Stadium project was \$541 million through December 31, 2022. The 2022 additions included air handling units, fire systems, joint expansion replacement, concession equipment, and other upgrades.
- GASB 87 is a new accounting standard that went into effect for reporting 1/1/2022. This changed the reporting for lease income. With the new standard, the lease's present value is reported as a receivable and as a deferred inflow of resources. Then the income is reported using the straight-line method while the receivable is reduced using an amortization schedule. The District is using a discount rate of 3.25% for the present value calculation. This was based on the average 30-year AA bond rates.

As a result of this new standard, the District added new balance sheet accounts for lease receivable and deferred income for leases. The lease income for the District decreased by \$1.1 million while the interest income increased by \$1.2 million because of the lease reporting changes for 2022.

• On September 6, 2019, the District entered into a Naming Rights agreement with Empower. This agreement will continue until March 31, 2040 unless earlier terminated or extended. The name of the Stadium is now Empower Field at Mile High. The lease amount for the Naming Rights from Empower were \$3,000,000 in 2022 and will stay constant for the remaining contract years. The amount shown as income for 2022 was \$2,242,941. This difference is due to the new GASB 87 lease requirements and how that lease income is shown.

- The District has a sublease agreement with RTD on Lot M parking. The lease agreement expires on August 31, 2043, unless extended or terminated earlier. Rents are paid in advance in September for the next 12-month period. The District receives 42.5% of the total lease payments, the remaining 57.5% is paid to SMC. In 2022, the District reported \$263,171 from this lease using the new lease reporting for 2022.
- In February 2019, the District entered into an agreement with Aramark for the concessions of the Stadium. As part of this agreement, Aramark agreed to contribute \$7 million of capital improvements to the stadium in 2019. These additions are included in the additions to fixed assets as well as Deferred Inflows of Resources Capital contributions. This revenue will be recognized over the terms of the agreement. In the year 2022, \$698,891 of the improvements were recognized as non-cash capital contributions.
- The District had \$7.3 million restricted for capital repairs as of December 31, 2022. In 2012, the District expressed a goal of maintaining a minimum of \$4 million in the capital reserve fund.
- In August 2022, the Broncos sold the franchise to a new owner. As per Article 33 of the District lease agreement with PDB sports, Ltd., 2% of the net profit realized by PDB was paid to the District to be used for youth activity programs. The District received \$41,037,951 per this agreement in the Lease. The District then distributed \$41,037,951 to the municipalities originally funding the Stadium by means of sales tax revenue. The amount each municipality received was based on their percentage of sales tax revenue per the State of Colorado calculations. The municipalities were given their share of this funding with the stipulation that it will be used for youth activities. The District plans to follow up with the municipalities to review how the funds were spent. As the District merely acted as a conduit for this receipt and distribution, this activity had no impact on the District's operations.

USING THIS REPORT

This report comprises three financial statements:

- (1) The Statement of Net Position measures the District's financial health or position as of a point in time (December 31). It represents the difference between the District's assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.
 - Net position is displayed in three components: Cost of the stadium less accumulated depreciation and related debt (including deferred financing costs) is included in Invested in Capital assets; when constraints are imposed externally by laws, other governments, or creditors on net position, they are reported as Restricted e.g. for the Capital Projects and Repairs and for TABOR (refer to Notes 1, 4 and 6); unrestricted net position represent that portion of net position that can be used to finance daily operations without constraints established by laws, enabling legislation or other legal requirements.
- (2) Increases or decreases to net position are presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Increases are one indicator that our financial health improved. Decreases in net position indicate a decline in our financial position (principally because of depreciation).
- (3) The Statement of Cash Flows portrays the sources, uses and net change in our cash. Cash flows are segregated as to those related to three major elements operating, capital and financing, and investing activities.

METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

CONDENSED COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL INFORMATION (in thousands)

		2022	2021
Operating Revenue from Empower			
Field at Mile High	\$	6,159	\$ 6,939
Capital contributions		1,845	960
Sales tax revenue		-	121
Investment income		1,383	22_
Total revenues	-	9,387	8,042
Operating expense:			
Repairs and maintenance		1,096	462
General and administrative		235	233
Professional services		205	151
Depreciation		14,443	14,150
Total expenses		15,979	14,996
Decreases in net position		(6,592)	(6,954)
Net position at beginning of year	****	298,202	305,156
Net position at end of year	\$	291,610	\$ 298,202

Total revenues for 2022 increased by \$1.3 million or 16.7%. Interest income was up \$1.3 million because of the increased interest rates for 2022 and the new lease GASB 87 accounting standard adopted. Capital contributions increased by \$885,591, this was because of additional asset contributions from Aramark and Epicurian. Special event income was up from 2021 by \$298,685 as more events were back on schedule after the COVID-19 decline. Lease income was down by \$1.1 million because of the new lease accounting standard.

Total expenses increased by \$982,875 or 6.6%. Repair and maintenance expenses increased by \$633,866. This was because more repair expenses in 2022 and less capital improvements in 2022. One major component of the repair expense was a sink hole repair to parking lot that was not originally expected. General and administrative expenses remained consistent with the prior year.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (in thousands):

		2022	_	2021
Current assets	\$	36,134	\$	28,694
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		265,132		275,985
Lease receivable	-	65,048	-	-
Total assets	\$.	366,314	\$	304,679
Current liabilities	\$.	581	\$	886
Deferred inflows of resources				
Capital contributions		4,892		5,591
Leases		69,231		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	74,123	-	5,591
Net Position:				
Invested in capital assets, net of debt		265,132		275,985
Restricted for TABOR		46		25
Restricted for capital improvements		7,285		8,898
Unrestricted		19,147		13,294
Total net position	•	291,610	•	298,202
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	-		•	
resources and net position	\$	366,314	\$	304,679
Activity in capital assets for 2022 is summarize	zed a	as follows:		
Balance at beginning of year	\$	275,985		
Plus - improvements				
Air handling units, fire systems, joint expansion replacement, concession equipment and other				
projects		3,590		
Less - current year depreciation		14,443		
Balance at end of year	\$	265,132	•	
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BUDGET COMPARISON (in thousands):

					(Under)
	2022		2022		Over
	Actual		Budget		Budget
	(000s)		(000s)		(000s)
Resources (inflows):					
Investment income	\$ 1,383	\$	16	\$	1,367
Franchise payments	3,001		3,443		(442)
Namings rights revenue	2,243		3,000		(757)
Other lease income	263		142		121
Non-cash capital contributions	1,845		800		1,045
Other income	 652	_	160	_	492
Total inflows	9,387		7,561	_	1,826
Charges to appropriations (outflows):					
General and administrative	235		300		(65)
Repairs and maintenance	1,096		310		786
Professional service	205		200		5
Stadium capital improvements	3,590		5,895		(2,305)
Depreciation and amortization	14,443		14,500		(57)
Total outflows	 19,569		21,205	_	(1,636)
Change in net position	(10,182)		(13,644)		3,462
Adjustments to GAAP basis					
Capital improvements	 3,590		5,895	_	(2,305)
Change in net position, GAAP basis	(6,592)		(7,749)		1,157
Beginning Net Position	 298,202		297,729		473
Ending Net Position	\$ 291,610	\$	289,980	\$_	1,630

Investment income was over budget due to the increased interest rates for 2022 and the new lease accounting standard reporting the interest on the lease income. Franchise payments and Naming rights income were under budget due to the change in lease accounting income reporting. Non-cash capital contributions were over budget due to additional asset contributions by Aramark and Epicurian. Other income was up as more events were able to be scheduled in 2022. Repairs and maintenance expenses were over budget as additional repair projects were completed in 2022 and in turn less capital improvements were done in 2022.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Metropolitan Football Stadium District Denver, Colorado

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the major enterprise fund of the Metropolitan Football Stadium District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the major enterprise fund of the Metropolitan Football Stadium District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

We are required to communicate to those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages I through V and 18 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

JDS Professional Group

June 14, 2023

METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	
Current unrestricted assets:	
Cash	\$ 24,254,151
Lease receivable	4,177,461
Other receivable	416,992
Total current unrestricted assets	28,848,604
Current restricted assets:	
Cash	7,285,071
Total current restricted assets	7,285,071
Capital assets:	
Building	424,004,474
Stadium equipment	54,234,562
Land improvements	27,763,504
Art	327,500
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4,895
Computers and equipment	11,495
Less: accumulated depreciation	(276,361,810)
Net depreciable capital assets	229,984,620
Land	34,997,466
Construction in progress	150,388
Total capital assets	265,132,474
Lease receivable	65,047,974
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 366,314,123

METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION

LIABILITIES Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 580,555
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Capital contributions	4,892,000
Leases	69,231,044
Total deferred inflows of resources	74,123,044
NET POSITION Invested in capital assets Restricted for emergency reserve Restricted for capital repairs Unrestricted	265,132,474 46,077 7,285,071 19,146,902
Total Net Position	291,610,524
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	
RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 366,314,123

METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Operating revenues:	
Naming rights revenue	\$ 2,242,941
Franchise lease revenue	3,001,159
Other lease revenue	263,340
Events revenue	652,017
Total operating revenues	6,159,457
Operating expenses:	
Depreciation expense	14,442,724
Repairs and maintenance	1,095,983
General and administrative	234,990
Professional services	204,937
Total operating expenses	15,978,634
Operating (loss)	(9,819,177)
Non-Operating revenues (expenses):	1 202 500
Interest income	1,382,788
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,382,788
Loss before capital contributions	(8,436,389)
Capital contributions:	
Building and equipment	1,845,293
Change in net position	(6,591,096)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	298,201,620
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 291,610,524

METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Receipts from naming rights	\$ 2,242,941
Receipts from franchise lease revenues	3,001,159
Receipts from other lease revenues	166,453
Receipts from special events revenues	280,698
Payments for operating	(1,082,101)
Payments for general and administrative	(234,990)
Payments for professional services	(204,937)
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,169,223
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Purchases of capital assets	(1,487,140)
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(1,487,140)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received	208,799
Net cash provided by investing activities	208,799
Net Increase in Cash	2,890,882
Cash, Beginning of Year	28,648,340
Cash, End of Year	\$ 31,539,222
Noncash Capital and Financing Activities	
Capital Contributions	\$ 1,845,293
Lease interest	1,173,990
Total noncash capital and financing activities	\$ 3,019,283

METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Reconciliation of Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Operating loss	\$ (9,819,177)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Depreciation expense	14,442,724
Changes in assets and liabilities -	
(Increase) in other receivable	(371,319)
Increase in accounts payable	13,882
(Decrease) in accrued expenses	(96,887)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 4,169,223

NOTE (1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

The Metropolitan Football Stadium District (the "District") is a body corporate and political subdivision of the State of Colorado established pursuant to the Metropolitan Football Stadium District Act, Article 15, Title 32 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, (the "Act"). The District includes all or part of seven counties in the Denver metropolitan area. The District was created for the purpose of planning, acquiring land and constructing a professional football stadium (the "Stadium"). Operations of the District commenced in August 1996.

The District is a separate legal entity responsible for its own financial operations and obligations, and is governed by a Board of Directors (the "Board") of nine members who serve without compensation. Six directors are appointed by the local governments, two directors at large are appointed by the Governor and one director is the chairperson of the Denver Metropolitan Major League Baseball Stadium District. All activities for which the District exercises responsibility have been included in these financial statements.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set for the financial accountability of a governmental organization's governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District uses a proprietary fund to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions and activities.

NOTE (1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The District uses a proprietary fund-type, an enterprise fund, to account for its activities. The enterprise fund uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting for reporting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

The activities of the fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise the District's assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenue and expenses. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosed amount of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As of December 31, 2022, the District did not have any cash equivalents.

NOTE (1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an initial estimated useful life in excess of one year. Land improvements, buildings and other property and equipment are stated at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over their respective estimated useful lives of three to forty years. Donated capital assets are recorded as estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement classification represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The District reports capital contributions under its general concession and management agreement (see Note 7) and leases (see Note 8) as deferred inflows of resources.

Capital Contributions

Contributed building and equipment assets are recorded as capital contributions when received.

Net Position

Net position results from the accumulation of net earnings from operating income, non-operating revenues and expenses, and capital contributions and are classified in the financial statements as follows:

Investment in Capital Assets - The investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Restricted - This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE (1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Unrestricted - This classification includes the residual net position that does not meet the classification of "investment in capital assets" or "restricted."

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87), which establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-of-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

As a result of implementation, the District recognized an initial lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$74,458,729, measured at the beginning of the period of implementation, January 1, 2022. In addition, the District recognized interest income of \$1,173,990 as of December 31, 2022.

The District determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position. Lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources - leases, reflect the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term, and lease receivables also include prepaid or accrued rent. Operating lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The District does not report lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for its short-term leases (leases with a term of 12 months or less). Instead, the lease payments of those leases are reported as lease revenue on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Subsequent events

The District evaluated subsequent events through June 14, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE (2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budget is legally adopted by the District. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP except that capital outlay is treated as an expenditure. In accordance with the State statute, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings before the end of each year to approve the budget and appropriate funds for the ensuing year. The budget is legally enacted through a motion to approve. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation is at the fund level and lapses at year end.

NOTE (3) CASH

As of December 31, 2022, the District's cash included the following:

Cash - unrestricted	\$ 24,254,151
Cash - restricted	7,285,071
	\$ 31,539,222

Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires all local government entities to deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by State regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. The FDIC insures depositors up to \$250,000 for each financial institution. The PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. As of December 31, 2022, the District had bank balances totaling \$31,359,446 of which \$250,000 were insured by FDIC and \$31,289,446 were collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's agent but not in their name.

NOTE (4) <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	December 31,			December 31,
	2021	Acquisitions	(Dispositions)	2022
Building	\$ 421,890,594	\$ 2,113,880	\$	\$ 424,004,474
Stadium equipment	52,879,104	1,355,458		54,234,562
Land	34,997,466			34,997,466
Land improvements	27,763,504			27,763,504
Construction in progress	29,569	120,819		150,388
Art	327,500			327,500
Furniture and fixtures	4,895			4,895
Equipment	11,495			11,495
	537,904,127	3,590,157		541,494,284
Less:				
Accumulated depreciation	(261,919,086)	(14,442,724)		(276, 361, 810)
Total	\$ 275,985,041	\$ (10,852,567)		\$ 265,132,474

NOTE (5) RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters. Certain of these risks are covered by commercial insurance and performance bonds purchased directly by the District from independent third parties.

NOTE (6) TABOR AMENDMENT

On November 3, 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment and has established an emergency reserve, representing 3% of fiscal year spending, as required by the Amendment. The reserve is reflected on the face of the financial statements. As of December 31, 2022, the District had restricted net position of \$46,077 in compliance with the requirements of TABOR.

NOTE (7) GENERAL CONCESSION MANAGEMENT AND LICENSE AGREEMENT

During 2019, the District and SMC entered into a General Concession Management and License Agreement (the "Concession Agreement") with Aramark Sports Entertainment Services, LLC ("Aramark"). The Concession Agreement has an initial expiration date of March 31, 2029, and may be renewed for up to two additional terms of five years each. As of December 31, 2019, Aramark provided direct capital improvements and equipment to the Stadium in the amount of \$6,988,615. In accordance with GASB pronouncements, as of December 31, 2022, the District recognized \$698,891 in capital contributions under the Concession Agreement with the remaining \$4,892,000 recorded as deferred inflows of resources to be recognized as revenue over the term of the Concession Agreement through March 2029.

NOTE (8) LEASE REVENUE AND LEASING COMMITMENTS

The District is the lessor for noncancellable leases of naming rights, the Stadium and a parking lot/land use. The District recognizes a lease receivable, reported with non-current assets, and deferred inflows of resources, reported in the statement of net position.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of the payments expected to be received during the lease term reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources are amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the District determines

- (1) the discount rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value,
- (2) the lease term, and (3) the lease payments.

Discount rate - The District uses 3.25% as an average of current and past municipal bond rates as the discount rate.

Lease Term - The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.

NOTE (8) <u>LEASE REVENUE AND LEASING COMMITMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

Lease Payments - Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease receivable are comprised of fixed payments, variable payments fixed in substance or that depend on an index, price or a rate and any other payments that are reasonably certain of being required based on an assessment of all relevant factors.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Stadium Naming Rights

On September 6, 2019, the District entered into a Naming Rights Agreement (the "Agreement") with Great-West Life and Annuity Insurance Company ("Empower"). The Agreement expires on March 31, 2040, unless earlier terminated or extended. A total of \$61,601,275 is due to the District in semi-annual installments through October 1, 2040. Under this Agreement, cumulative through the year ended December 31, 2022, \$7,601,275 has been received.

Franchise Lease Agreement

Per the Stadium Lease and Management Agreement (the "Agreement"), dated September 3, 1998, the District leases to PDB Sports Ltd., ("PDB"), the holder of the Denver Broncos National Football League Franchise, the Stadium land together with all the improvements. PDB will lease the Stadium from August 2001 and the lease will continue until 30 years after such date or the end of 30 complete NFL seasons at the Stadium, whichever is later. Additionally, there are two five-year extensions at the option of PDB. The Agreement also provides for PDB to acquire and own certain property and for revenue sharing for non-football events principally with respect to attendance and parking, as more fully described in the Agreement. Rental payments are due annually on February 1 from PDB subsequent to occupancy. The Agreement calls for the establishment of a Capital Replacement Reserve Fund for the purpose of paying all or part of the cost of capital replacement.

NOTE (8) <u>LEASE REVENUE AND LEASING COMMITMENTS</u> (CONTINUED)

Franchise Lease Agreement (Continued)

Payments to the Capital Replacement Reserve Fund are to be made annually by the District from base rents received from PDB. During the year ended December 31, 2022, \$3,458,989 of the franchise lease payment was paid to this Reserve Fund.

Other Lease Agreement

Per a sublease agreement (the "Agreement") dated September 1, 2013, the Stadium Management Company (SMC) leases to Regional Transportation District (RTD), a leasehold interest of real property. The Agreement commenced on September 1, 2013 and the expires on August 31, 2043, unless extended or terminated earlier. In addition. RTD has an option to extend the terms of the Agreement, each for an additional fifteen year period on the same terms and conditions contained in the sublease agreement. The Agreement provides for the rent to paid in advance, with the first annual payment due on or before November 1, 2013, and thereafter each annual payment shall be payable on or before the first day of each September. The initial rent for the first year of the sublease was \$677,417. The annual rent shall be increased, on a cumulative basis as outlined in the Agreement. RTD has the right, on various dates, to reduce its use of Lot M and its payments, including on September 1, 2016. RTD agreed to reduce its' parking spaces to 474 effective November 30, 2016. RTD, SMC and the District agreed that the rental payment for the period September 1, 2016 to August 31, 2017 would be \$401,644 based on the partial year reduction. In future years, the rental payment will be reduced to \$302,989 based on the reduced parking spaces, subject to the annual increases set forth in the Agreement. The Agreement also stipulates fifty-seven and one-half percent (57.5%) of each rent payment shall be paid by RTD to SMC, and the remaining forty-two and one-half percent (42.5%) of each rent payment shall be paid by RTD to the District.

NOTE (8) LEASE REVENUE AND LEASING COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Future minimum lease payments required under all lease agreements above are as follows as of December 31, 2022:

Year ended December 31,

	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 4,177,461	\$ 2,236,114	\$ 6,413,575
2024	4,316,694	2,103,424	6,420,118
2025	4,467,777	1,959,146	6,426,923
2026	4,620,533	1,813,467	6,434,000
2027	4,778,553	1,662,807	6,441,360
2028 - 2032	23,205,087	5,872,838	29,077,925
2033 - 2037	13,406,572	2,904,888	16,311,460
2038 - 2042	9,905,628	689,964	10,595,592
2043	347,131	11,282	358,413
Total	\$ 69,225,436	\$ 19,253,930	\$ 88,479,366

NOTE (9) DONATED OFFICE SPACE

During 2001, under a License Agreement, the District has donated office and museum space to the Colorado Sports Hall of Fame for their use for an initial 5-year term ending July 31, 2006. After the initial term, the license agreement will automatically renew for up to five successive 5-year periods through July 31, 2031, unless terminated by either party providing written notice at least 180 days prior to commencement of the renewal term. The value of the donated office and museum space was estimated based on an average market rate for the central business district of Denver of \$30 per square foot. The office and museum space is approximately 3,000 square feet resulting in annual donated space of approximately \$77,000.

METROPOLITAN FOOTBALL STADIUM DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended December 31, 2022

	(in Thousands) 2022		
	Actual	Original and Final Budget	(Under) Over Budget
Resources (inflows):	Actual	Duaget	Duaget
Interest income	\$ 1,383	\$ 16	\$ 1,367
Franchise payments	3,001	3,443	(442)
Naming rights revenues	2,243	3,000	(757)
Miscellaneous sublease revenues	263	142	121
	1,845	800	1,045
Capital contributions Other income, rent, parking, and events	652	160	492
Amounts available for appropriation	9,387	7,561	1,826
Amounts available for appropriation		7,501	1,020
Charges to appropriations (outflows):			
Administrative costs	235	300	(65)
Repairs and maintenance	1,096	310	786
Professional service	205	200	5
Capital outlay	3,590	5,895	(2,305)
Depreciation and amortization	14,443	14,500	(57)
Total charges to appropriations	19,569	21,205	(1,636)
Change in net position	(10,182)	(13,644)	3,462
Adjustment to GAAP basis			
Acquisitions of capital assets	3,590		
Change in net position, GAAP basis	(6,592)		
Beginning net position	298,202	297,729	473
Ending net position	\$ 291,610	\$ 284,085	\$ 3,935

The District's annual budget is prepared on the same basis as its accounting records (except that capital outlay is treated as expenditures), approved by the District's Board of Directors and is filed with designated State officials in compliance with Colorado statutes.